

# JOSHUA 10.28-13.33

1. Go back and **read** Joshua 10:1-27 to help put tonight's reading into context.
2. Joshua defeated the people of how many different cities in 10:28-39?
3. The coalition of kings that allied themselves at the beginning of chapter 11 had how many troops? How many **horses** and **chariots** did they have?
4. Read about Joshua's defeat of Hazor and other cities in 11:6-15. What are some statements you see in these verses that emphasize that Joshua was **obedient** to the Lord or Moses?

In these verses, what are some things that Israel burned and/or destroyed. What are some things that they did not destroy?

5. Why did all the cities of Canaan (except Gibeon) not seek peace with Israel but instead came against them in battle (see 11:19-20)?
6. Who are the final people mentioned in chapter 11 (vv. 21ff) that Israel defeated?

What do we learn about these people in Numbers 13:28, 33?

7. In 12:1-6, there's a list of the kings Israel defeated on what side of the Jordan (see v. 1)?

In these verses, what kings does it mentioned that they defeated?

Who led Israel in defeating these kings (see v. 6)?

8. In 12:7-24, there's a list of the kings Israel defeated on what side of the Jordan?

How many cities are mentioned that they defeated in these verses?

Who led Israel in defeating these cities?

9. Even though Israel had conquered much of the land of Canaan, God told Joshua that there still remained a lot of land to possess (13:1). What was God's role to be in this (v. 6)? What was Joshua's role (v. 6)?

10. Who was Joshua to divide the land for an **inheritance** between (13:7)?

In chapter 13, the inheritance of what tribes are recorded?

Joshua did not give these tribes their inheritance. Instead, who did?

11. In 13:14 and 33, what things are said to be **Levi's** inheritance?